

Soft Pneumatic Exosuit for Shoulder Assistance Toward Individuals with Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis

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Serial

Raspberry Pi

(Wireless IMU Signa

Receiver)

Bluetooth

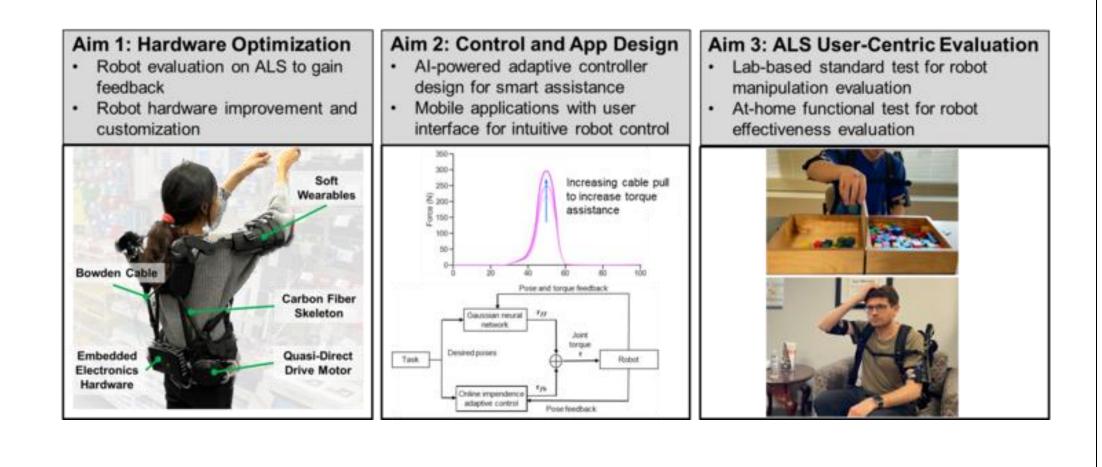
Wireless IMU

Sensor

(1 per arm)

Project Overview

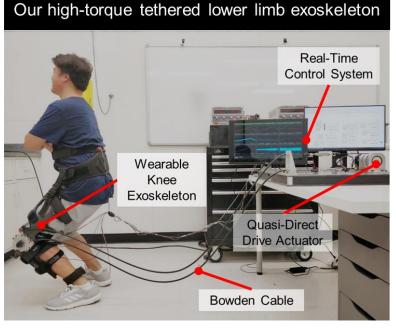
- The goal of this project is to accelerate the development and translation of modular portable soft exosuits (powered orthosis) for ALS individuals with residual movements and investigate their efficacy in restoring physical functions in clinic and home settings.
- Preliminary results indicate the potential of our robot to assist in daily functional movements.

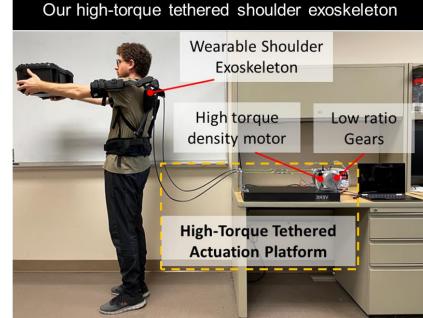


Upper Limb Exoskeleton Systems

- Current portable shoulder exoskeletons, often passive and spring-based, prioritize lighter designs at the expense of adaptability and smart human-centered control. Conversely, powered devices, suitable for clinical rehabilitation, are typically bulky and tethered, limiting their applicability in daily activities.
- To overcome these limitations, we developed the most lightweight, portable, powered shoulder exoskeleton.
- Our wearable robot provides high torque assistance for 2 DoF human shoulder joint movements (flexion/extension, abduction/adduction) for heterogeneous users with different levels of impairments.
- Our customized exoskeleton actuator is mounted on the back waist to minimize weight penalty caused by loads on distal body parts.

Lightweight and portable shoulder exoskeleton



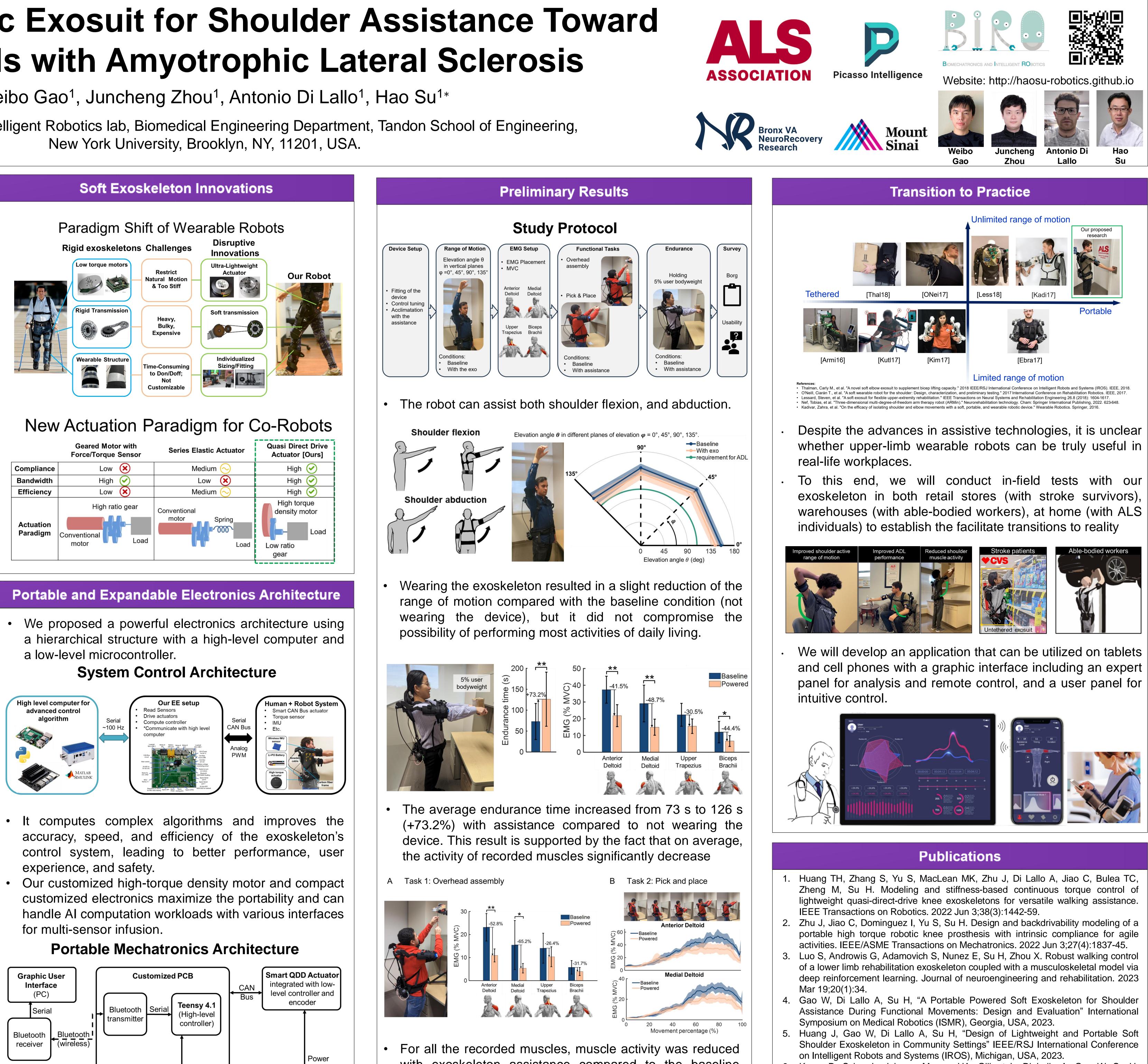




Evolution of exoskeleton design: transition from lab-based to real-life workplace oriented

| Design evolutions towards real-life settings | | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|
| | Lab-based design | Current design | Future design |
| Weight | 5 kg | 3.5 kg | ~2.2 kg |
| Portability | Tethered | Fully portable | Fully portable with increased comfort |
| Scenarios | Lab, clinic | Workplace, Warehouse, … | Workplace, Warehouse, Manufacturing factory, |
| Hardware platform | Tethered to desktop PC | Wireless micro controller unit and laptop | Intuitive control via portable devices: phone, tablets, |

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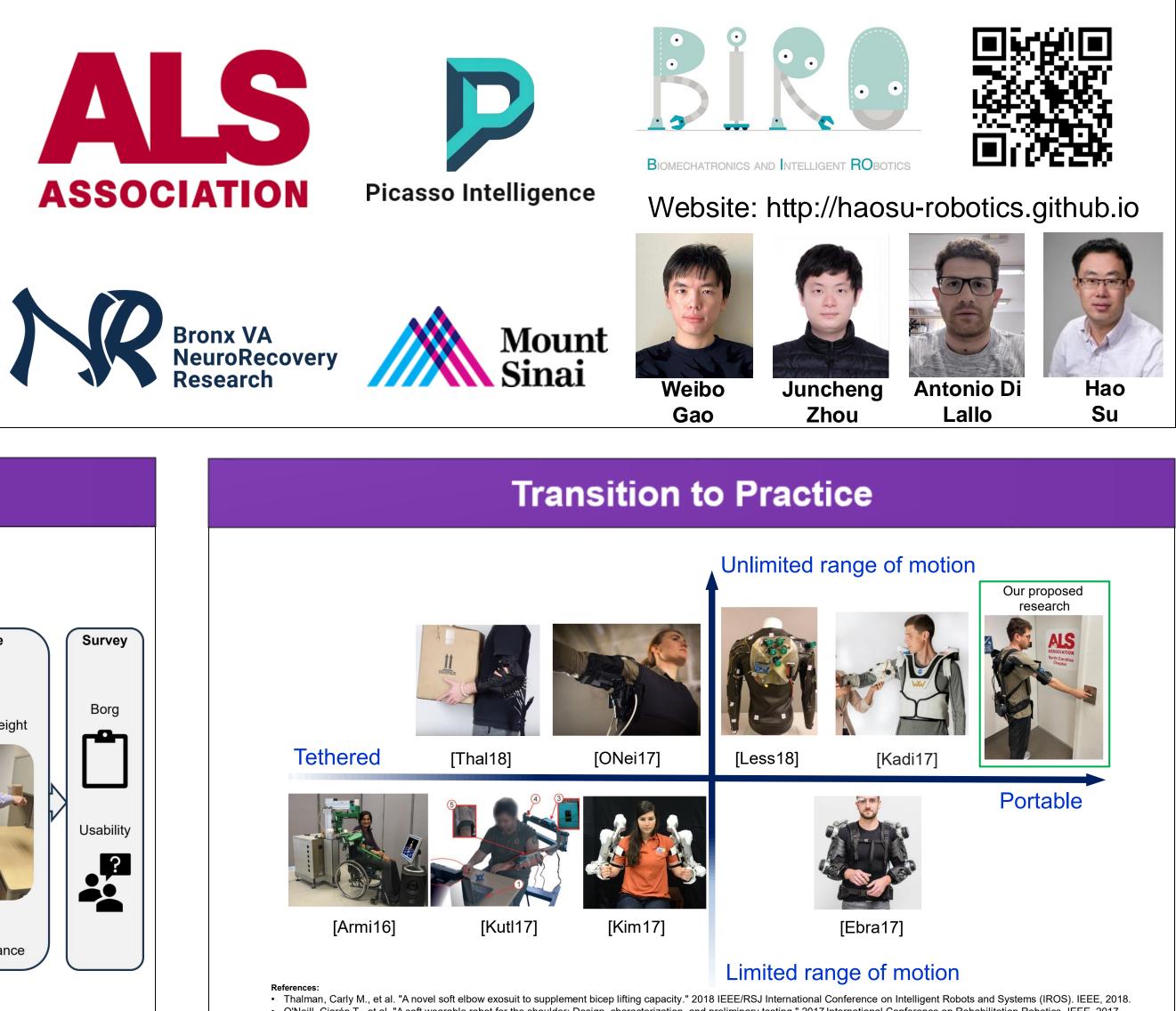


24V Li-Po

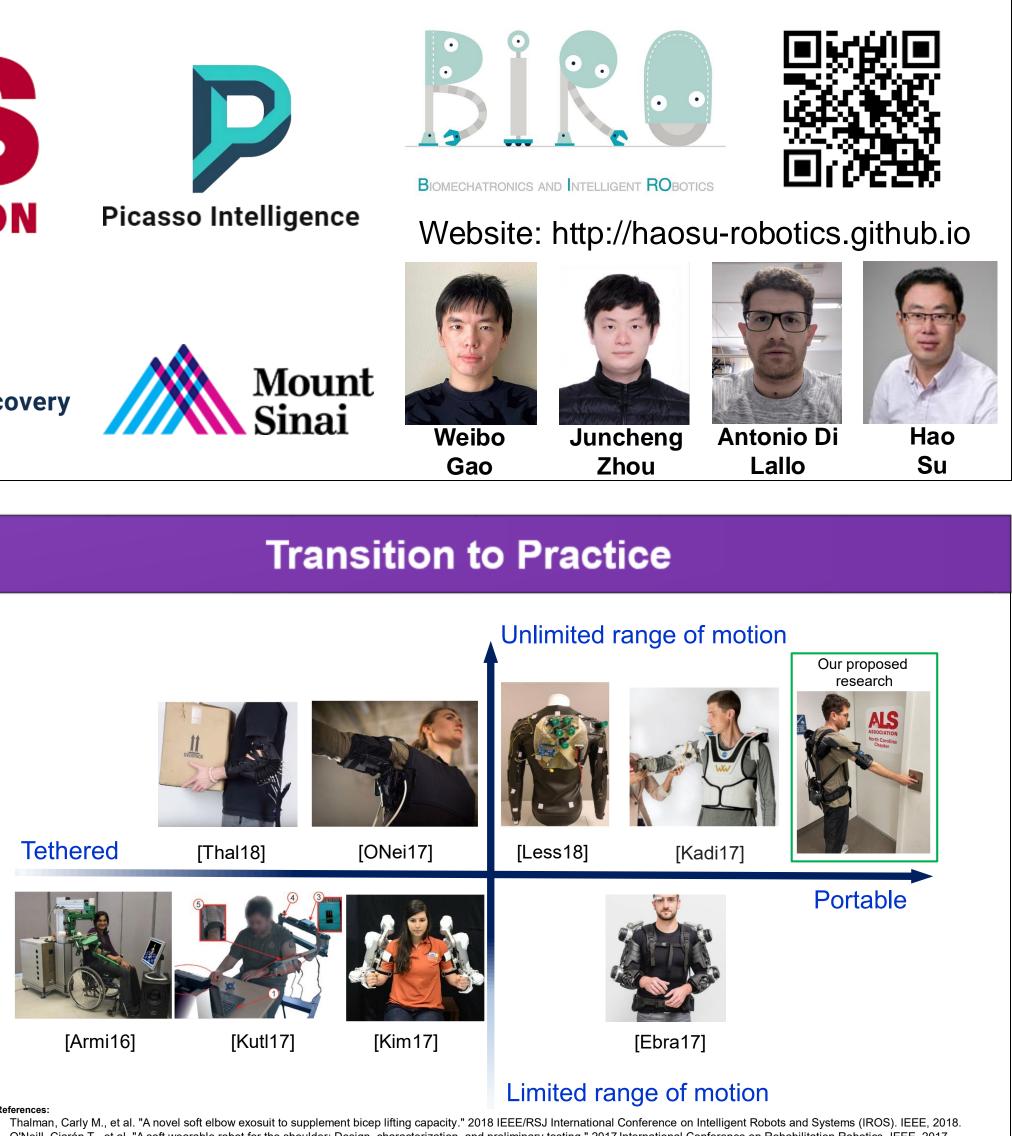
Battery

Power





with exoskeleton assistance compared to the baseline condition without wearing the device. Average EMG reductions due to assistance were 52.8%, 65.2%, 26.4%, and 31.7% for anterior deltoid, medial deltoid, upper trapezius, and biceps brachii, respectively



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se D, Schur L, Johnson-Marcus HA, Gilbert L, Di Lallo A, Gao W, Su H. istive technology's potential to improve employment of people with disabilities. rnal of Occupational Rehabilitation. 2024 Jan 22:1-7.

S, Jiang M, Zhang S, Zhu J, Yu S, Dominguez Silva I, Wang T, Rouse E, Zhou Yuk H, Zhou X. Experiment-free exoskeleton assistance via learning in Ilation. Nature. 2024 Jun 13;630(8016):353-9.

